

Transformation and other Factors of the pairwise Mass Spectrometry peak-list Comparison Process.(PRELIMINARY!!!)

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October 28, 2005

Anova analysis of the PMF dataset

We analyse here the 4 datasets (pmf.binary ,pmf.intensity, msms.binary, msms.intensity). The datasets provide results of evaluating the sensitivity and specificity of the pairwise peak-list comparison performed on an dataset of identified Tandem MS data (msms) and on an dataset of identified Peptide Mass Fingerprint spectra. (publication submitted).

Load the results for the binary measures.

```
> rm(list = ls())
> library(msbase)
> data("pmf.binary")
> range(pmf.binary$TPPAUC)
```

```
[1] 75.51390 97.92409
```

```
> range(pmf.binary$FPPAUC)
```

```
[1] 34.33935 99.62211
```

The minimal linear model (containing as few factors as possible) which sufficiently describes the outcome the specificity-PAUC (given small FP rates) of the experiment is given by.

Specificity PAUC – FACTORS

```
> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Weight + Noncross,
+ data = pmf.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.3173803
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

```

      Df    Sum Sq   Mean Sq   F value    Pr(>F)
Measure  3    2712.3     904.1     4.7187 0.0042434 **
Theta    2    4621.2     2310.6    12.0595 2.384e-05 ***
Length   1    2662.1     2662.1    13.8942 0.0003434 ***
Weight   1         0.1         0.1     0.0004 0.9843654
Noncross 1 2.253e-04 2.253e-04 1.176e-06 0.9991373
Residuals 87  16669.1      191.6
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

```

      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
Measure  3.2   10.2   14.9     NA     NA
Theta    2.1   17.3   38.1     NA     NA
Length   1.1   10.0   43.9     NA     NA
Weight   1.1    0.0    0.0     NA     NA
Noncross 1.1    0.0    0.0     NA     NA
Residuals 91.6  62.5    3.2     NA     NA

```

Sensitivity PAUC – FACTORS

```

> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Weight + Noncross,
+ data = pmf.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r

```

```
[1] 0.3189317
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

```

      Df    Sum Sq   Mean Sq   F value    Pr(>F)
Measure  3    305.34     101.78     5.0618 0.0028040 **
Theta    2    477.67     238.83    11.8780 2.749e-05 ***
Length   1    272.29     272.29    13.5417 0.0004038 ***
Weight   1     0.07         0.07     0.0037 0.9516113
Noncross 1 1.788e-05 1.788e-05 8.894e-07 0.9992497
Residuals 87  1749.33      20.11
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

```

      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
Measure  3.2   10.9   16.1     NA     NA
Theta    2.1   17.0   37.7     NA     NA

```

```

Length      1.1    9.7   43.0    NA    NA
Weight      1.1    0.0    0.0    NA    NA
Noncross    1.1    0.0    0.0    NA    NA
Residuals  91.6   62.4    3.2    NA    NA

```

Specificity PAUC – FINAL

```

> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Measure * Theta +
+ Measure * Length + Theta * Length + Measure * Theta * Length,
+ data = pmf.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r

```

```
[1] 0.9999614
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3	2712.3	904.1	83343	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	4621.2	2310.6	212999	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	2662.1	2662.1	245403	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	6	4675.3	779.2	71831	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	3	2697.4	899.1	82884	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta:Length	2	4621.9	2311.0	213032	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta:Length	6	4673.9	779.0	71809	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	72	0.8	0.01085		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3.2	10.2	8.5	NA	NA
Theta	2.1	17.3	21.7	NA	NA
Length	1.1	10.0	25.0	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	6.3	17.5	7.3	NA	NA
Measure:Length	3.2	10.1	8.4	NA	NA
Theta:Length	2.1	17.3	21.7	NA	NA
Measure:Theta:Length	6.3	17.5	7.3	NA	NA
Residuals	75.8	0.0	0.0	NA	NA

Sensitivity PAUC – FINAL

```

> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Measure * Theta +
+ Measure * Length + Theta * Length + Measure * Theta * Length,
+ data = pmf.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r

```

```
[1] 0.9996686
> anova(tplm)
Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC
          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
Measure    3 305.34  101.78 10401.2 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta      2 477.67  238.83 24407.4 < 2.2e-16 ***
Length     1 272.29  272.29 27826.1 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta 6 495.25   82.54  8435.3 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length 3 280.64   93.55  9560.1 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta:Length 2 477.54  238.77 24400.9 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta:Length 6 495.27   82.54  8435.6 < 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals 72   0.70    0.01
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

```
          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
Measure    3.2  10.9     9.2     NA     NA
Theta      2.1  17.0    21.5     NA     NA
Length     1.1   9.7    24.5     NA     NA
Measure:Theta 6.3  17.7     7.4     NA     NA
Measure:Length 3.2  10.0     8.4     NA     NA
Theta:Length 2.1  17.0    21.5     NA     NA
Measure:Theta:Length 6.3  17.7     7.4     NA     NA
Residuals 75.8   0.0     0.0     NA     NA
```

To identify the best measure we compute the average Sensitivity-PAUC for each CP having the same length , theta and measure factor.

```
> with(pmf.binary, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Measure = Measure), mean))
```

```
, , Measure = fm
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0 97.91767 97.91652 97.91795
 250 97.91767 97.91652 97.91795
```

```
, , Measure = gower
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0 97.86121 97.86196 97.86121
```

```
250 97.86121 97.86196 97.86121
```

```
, , Measure = hg
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0    97.68596 97.70260 97.69902
 250   97.89561 96.66816 75.81042
```

```
, , Measure = rmi
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0    97.81934 97.81609 97.80941
 250   97.84059 96.87455 81.02380
```

The average given this three factors is computed for the Specificity-PAUC.

```
> with(pmf.binary, tapply(FPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Measure = Measure), mean))
```

```
, , Measure = fm
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0    99.60086 99.60786 99.61083
 250   99.60086 99.60786 99.61083
```

```
, , Measure = gower
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0    99.49289 99.493 99.4929
 250   99.49289 99.493 99.4929
```

```
, , Measure = hg
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0    99.46382 99.46557 99.46289
 250   99.61564 95.88389 34.56005
```

```
, , Measure = rmi
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0    99.60031 99.59965 99.59956
 250   99.53658 97.26311 43.94947
```

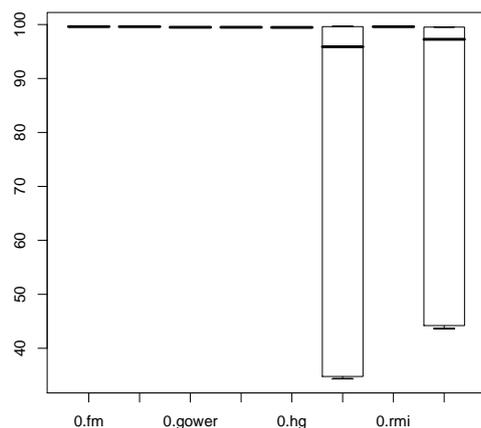
Looking at the output of the tapply function we identified the Fowlkes Mal-
lows statistics as the best measure.

Study the interaction between length and measure.

```

> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Length * Measure, data = pmf.binary)
> par(mar = c(6, 3, 3, 3))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Length * Theta * Measure, data = pmf.binary,
+   las = 2, ylim = c(95, 100))
> abline(v = 1:50, col = "gray")

```



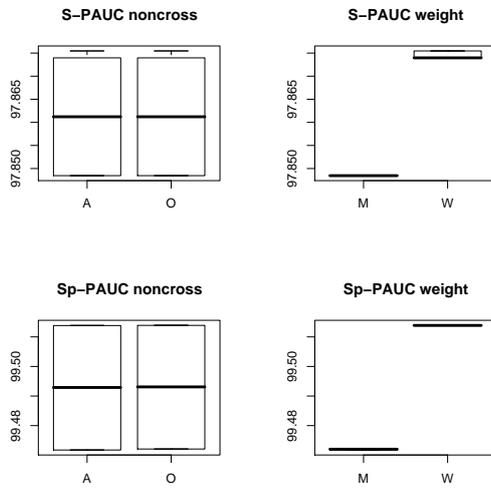
Fowlkes mallows

Take a look on which other factors the performance of the fm measure depends.

```

> bingow <- pmf.binary[pmf.binary$Measure == "gower", ]
> par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = bingow, main = "S-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight, data = bingow, main = "S-PAUC weight")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = bingow, main = "Sp-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Weight, data = bingow, main = "Sp-PAUC weight")

```

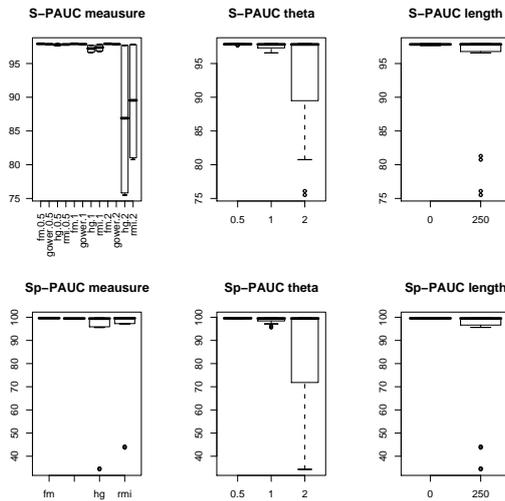


Make some more boxplots on what the outcome of the comparison depends.

```

> par(mfcol = c(2, 3))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Measure * Theta, data = pmf.binary, main = "S-PAUC measure",
+       las = 2)
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Measure, data = pmf.binary, main = "Sp-PAUC measure")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Theta, data = pmf.binary, main = "S-PAUC theta")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Theta, data = pmf.binary, main = "Sp-PAUC theta")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Length, data = pmf.binary, main = "S-PAUC length")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Length, data = pmf.binary, main = "Sp-PAUC length")

```



The figure makes it clear that the measure rmi and hg strongly depend on the choice of the theta.

PMF data - intensity based measures

Load the evaluation results.

```
> data("pmf.intensity")
```

The minimal model explaining as much as possible variance is:
Specificity PAUC

```
> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Weight +  
+ Noncross + Trans, data = pmf.intensity)  
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	657114	109519	203.1894	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	410669	136890	253.9694	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	80009	40005	74.2203	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	12295	12295	22.8106	1.884e-06 ***
Weight	1	452	452	0.8385	0.3599
Noncross	1	5.281e-03	5.281e-03	9.797e-06	0.9975
Trans	3	11507	3836	7.1165	9.259e-05 ***
Residuals	2670	1439130	539		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	2611176.2	303534.9	NA	NA

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.4453485

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
```

```
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	25.2	36.1	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	15.7	45.1	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	3.1	13.2	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.5	4.1	NA	NA
Weight	0.0	0.0	0.1	NA	NA
Noncross	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA	NA
Trans	0.1	0.4	1.3	NA	NA
Residuals	99.4	55.1	0.2	NA	NA

Sensitivity PAUC

```
> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Weight + Noncross +
+ Length + Trans, data = pmf.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	269703	44951	157.2068	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	300341	100114	350.1302	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	8793	4396	15.3755	2.294e-07 ***
Weight	1	40	40	0.1383	0.7100
Noncross	1	7.620e-04	7.620e-04	2.665e-06	0.9987
Length	1	4964	4964	17.3605	3.190e-05 ***
Trans	3	895	298	1.0431	0.3723
Residuals	2670	763440	286		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	1348175.5	155048.2	NA	NA

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.4301179

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
```

```
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	20.0	29.0	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	22.3	64.6	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	0.7	2.8	NA	NA
Weight	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA	NA
Noncross	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.4	3.2	NA	NA
Trans	0.1	0.1	0.2	NA	NA
Residuals	99.4	56.6	0.2	NA	NA

Specificity PAUC

```
> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+ Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = pmf.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
--	----	--------	---------	---------	--------

```

Measure      6 657114 109519 789.070 < 2.2e-16 ***
Scale        3 410669 136890 986.270 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta        2  80009  40005 288.228 < 2.2e-16 ***
Length       1 12295  12295  88.583 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Scale 18 873389 48522 349.591 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta 12 164012 13668  98.474 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length 6  47408  7901  56.928 < 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals    2639 366280  139
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
      Df      Sum Sq      Mean Sq      F value      Pr(>F)
2687.0 2611176.2 368937.5          NA          NA
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
[1] 0.8571745
> dr <- anova(intlm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
Measure 0.2  25.2   29.7      NA    NA
Scale    0.1  15.7   37.1      NA    NA
Theta    0.1   3.1   10.8      NA    NA
Length   0.0   0.5    3.3      NA    NA
Measure:Scale 0.7  33.4   13.2      NA    NA
Measure:Theta 0.4   6.3    3.7      NA    NA
Measure:Length 0.2   1.8    2.1      NA    NA
Residuals 98.2  14.0    0.0      NA    NA

```

Sensitivity PAUC

```

> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+ Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = pmf.intensity)
> anova(intlm)

```

Analysis of Variance Table

```

Response: TPPAUC
      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value      Pr(>F)
Measure  6 269703  44951  881.545 < 2.2e-16 ***
Scale    3 300341 100114 1963.373 < 2.2e-16 ***
Theta    2  8793  4396  86.219 < 2.2e-16 ***
Length   1  4964  4964  97.350 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Scale 18 555255 30848 604.964 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta 12 26239  2187  42.883 < 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length 6  48316  8053 157.923 < 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals 2639 134564  51
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)

      Df      Sum Sq   Mean Sq   F value   Pr(>F)
2687.0 1348175.5  195562.3      NA      NA

> summary(intlm)$adj.r

[1] 0.8983724

> dr <- anova(intlm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	20.0	23.0	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	22.3	51.2	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	0.7	2.2	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.4	2.5	NA	NA
Measure:Scale	0.7	41.2	15.8	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	0.4	1.9	1.1	NA	NA
Measure:Length	0.2	3.6	4.1	NA	NA
Residuals	98.2	10.0	0.0	NA	NA

Now comes the code to generate a quite complex image.

```

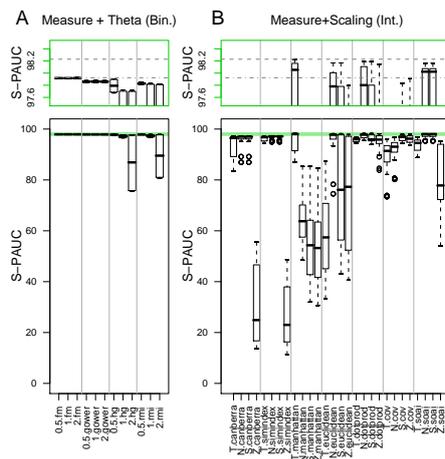
> nf <- layout(matrix(c(1, 2, 3, 4), 2, 2, byrow = TRUE), c(1.5,
+ 2.4), c(1, 3), TRUE)
> par(mar = c(1, 3.5, 3, 1))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Theta + Measure, data = pmf.binary, las = 2,
+ axes = F, ylim = c(97.5, 98.5), cex.axis = 0.9)
> axis(2, cex.axis = 0.9, col = 3)
> box(, col = 3)
> abline(v = c(3.5, 6.5, 9.5), col = "gray70")
> abline(h = max(pmf.intensity$TPPAUC), lty = 2, col = "gray50")
> abline(h = max(pmf.binary$TPPAUC), lty = 4, col = "gray50")
> mtext("S-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2, cex = 1)
> mtext("Measure + Theta (Bin.)", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("A", side = 3, line = 1, at = -3, cex = 1.5)
> par(mar = c(1, 3, 3, 1))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Scale + Measure, data = pmf.intensity, las = 2,
+ axes = F, ylim = c(97.5, 98.5), cex.axis = 0.9)
> abline(v = c(4.5, 8.5, 12.5, 16.5, 20.5, 24.5), col = "gray70")
> abline(v = max(pmf.binary$TPPAUC))
> axis(2, cex.axis = 0.9, col = 3)
> box(, col = 3)
> abline(h = max(pmf.intensity$TPPAUC), lty = 2, col = "gray50")
> abline(h = max(pmf.binary$TPPAUC), lty = 4, col = "gray50")
> mtext("S-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2, cex = 1)
> mtext("Measure+Scaling (Int.)", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("B", side = 3, line = 1, at = -1, cex = 1.5)
> par(mar = c(6, 3.5, 0, 1))

```

```

> plot(1, 1, xlim = c(0, 13), ylim = c(0, 100), type = "n", axes = F,
+      ylab = "", xlab = "", main = "")
> rect(-1, 97.5, 14, 98.5, col = "lightgreen", border = "lightgreen")
> par(new = TRUE)
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Theta + Measure, data = pmf.binary, las = 2,
+         ylim = c(0, 100), ylab = "", cex.axis = 0.9)
> mtext("S-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2)
> abline(v = c(3.5, 6.5, 9.5), col = "gray70")
> par(mar = c(6, 3, 0, 1))
> plot(1, 1, xlim = c(0, 25), ylim = c(0, 100), type = "n", axes = F,
+      ylab = "", xlab = "", main = "")
> rect(-4, 97.5, 30, 98.5, col = "lightgreen", border = "lightgreen")
> par(new = TRUE)
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Scale + Measure, data = pmf.intensity, las = 2,
+         type = "n", ylim = c(0, 100), cex.axis = 0.9)
> mtext("S-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2, cex = 1)
> abline(v = c(4.5, 8.5, 12.5, 16.5, 20.5, 24.5), col = "gray70")

```



Now we tabulate the scores for the Specificity-PAUC according to the identified factors.

```

> with(pmf.intensity, tapply(FPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Scale = Scale, Measure = Measure), mean, data = pmf.intensity))

```

```

, , Scale = T, Measure = canberra

```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0 40.91063 93.6597 94.85207
 250 40.91063 93.6597 94.85207

```

```

, , Scale = N, Measure = canberra

```

```

      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0 75.47692 94.57132 94.9742

```

250 75.47692 94.57132 94.9742
, , Scale = S, Measure = canberra

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	75.47692	94.57132	94.9742
250	75.47692	94.57132	94.9742

, , Scale = Z, Measure = canberra

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	14.838601	16.970899	18.025241
250	6.668776	6.875478	6.987514

, , Scale = T, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	84.18635	94.16826	94.87792
250	84.18635	94.16826	94.87792

, , Scale = N, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	92.47554	94.81671	95.00968
250	92.47554	94.81671	95.00968

, , Scale = S, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	92.47554	94.81671	95.00968
250	92.47554	94.81671	95.00968

, , Scale = Z, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	11.60160	12.200991	12.577445
250	5.54774	5.559005	5.568968

, , Scale = T, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	38.37919	99.66254	99.70945
250	38.37919	99.66254	99.70945

, , Scale = N, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	30.3108	50.15505	60.21486
250	30.3108	50.15505	60.21486

, , Scale = S, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	20.43354	30.02840	35.75854
250	30.31080	50.15505	60.21486

, , Scale = Z, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	16.20285	25.29194	31.08887
250	25.30977	43.37358	53.49222

, , Scale = T, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	5.436158	36.56946	53.94575
250	5.436158	36.56946	53.94575

, , Scale = N, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	64.17502	99.40814	99.22895
250	64.17502	99.40814	99.22895

, , Scale = S, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	25.35236	47.83727	54.55622
250	64.17502	99.40814	99.22895

, , Scale = Z, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	21.28464	43.82615	50.80906
250	60.68594	98.56850	98.61628

, , Scale = T, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.95265	98.95265	98.95265
250	98.95265	98.95265	98.95265

, , Scale = N, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	99.40779	99.40779	99.40779
250	99.40779	99.40779	99.40779

, , Scale = S, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.29015	97.29015	97.29015
250	99.40779	99.40779	99.40779

, , Scale = Z, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	96.76746	93.03602	86.67268
250	99.41862	99.35492	98.58796

, , Scale = T, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	82.27304	68.76517	57.05578
250	82.27304	68.76517	57.05578

, , Scale = N, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	88.48299	78.89884	68.17747
250	88.48299	78.89884	68.17747

, , Scale = S, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.7699	97.25855	96.21299
250	97.7699	97.25855	96.21299

, , Scale = Z, Measure = cov

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  96.68121 95.15267 93.11853
 250 96.68121 95.15267 93.11853

```

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = soai
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  83.4165 85.04398 85.94792
 250 83.4165 85.04398 85.94792

```

```
, , Scale = N, Measure = soai
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.58838 97.7956 97.9013
 250 97.58838 97.7956 97.9013

```

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = soai
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.58838 97.7956 97.9013
 250 97.58838 97.7956 97.9013

```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = soai
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  72.98227 69.43583 63.92966
 250 72.98227 69.43583 63.92966

```

We tabulated the scores for the Sensitivity-PAUC according to the identified factors.

```
> with(pmf.intensity, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Scale = Scale, Measure = Measure), mean))
```

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = canberra
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  87.4013 96.42514 97.06761
 250 87.4013 96.42514 97.06761

```

```
, , Scale = N, Measure = canberra
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2

```

0 93.86073 96.97867 97.18447
250 93.86073 96.97867 97.18447

, , Scale = S, Measure = canberra

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 93.86073 96.97867 97.18447
250 93.86073 96.97867 97.18447

, , Scale = Z, Measure = canberra

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 38.48115 45.50660 49.25484
250 16.11684 16.97443 17.43198

, , Scale = T, Measure = simindex

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 95.09065 96.77991 97.09797
250 95.09065 96.77991 97.09797

, , Scale = N, Measure = simindex

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 96.48608 97.11496 97.21018
250 96.48608 97.11496 97.21018

, , Scale = S, Measure = simindex

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 96.48608 97.11496 97.21018
250 96.48608 97.11496 97.21018

, , Scale = Z, Measure = simindex

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 34.84144 37.28120 39.03578
250 16.23256 16.36793 16.43746

, , Scale = T, Measure = manhattan

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 89.6942 98.07231 98.1431

250 89.6942 98.07231 98.1431

, , Scale = N, Measure = manhattan

Theta			
Length	0.5	1	2
0	54.68255	66.73135	72.44122
250	54.68255	66.73135	72.44122

, , Scale = S, Measure = manhattan

Theta			
Length	0.5	1	2
0	36.82509	44.65892	49.46728
250	54.68255	66.73135	72.44122

, , Scale = Z, Measure = manhattan

Theta			
Length	0.5	1	2
0	35.65736	43.97521	48.98560
250	53.06032	64.99398	70.63585

, , Scale = T, Measure = euclidean

Theta			
Length	0.5	1	2
0	41.28334	62.52455	72.43233
250	41.28334	62.52455	72.43233

, , Scale = N, Measure = euclidean

Theta			
Length	0.5	1	2
0	90.84943	97.66087	97.52182
250	90.84943	97.66087	97.52182

, , Scale = S, Measure = euclidean

Theta			
Length	0.5	1	2
0	47.99020	59.70180	64.16669
250	90.84943	97.66087	97.52182

, , Scale = Z, Measure = euclidean

Theta			
Length	0.5	1	2
0	45.50869	58.28360	62.76938
250	89.47009	97.44522	97.33485

, , Scale = T, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.76839	95.76839	95.76839
250	95.76839	95.76839	95.76839

, , Scale = N, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.33349	97.33349	97.33349
250	97.33349	97.33349	97.33349

, , Scale = S, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.22259	95.22259	95.22259
250	97.33349	97.33349	97.33349

, , Scale = Z, Measure = dotprod

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.68476	93.80895	90.00882
250	97.25269	97.25252	96.96779

, , Scale = T, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	93.82328	89.78988	84.83983
250	93.82328	89.78988	84.83983

, , Scale = N, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.13124	92.34505	88.6023
250	95.13124	92.34505	88.6023

, , Scale = S, Measure = cov

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	96.80908	96.60766	96.01751
250	96.80908	96.60766	96.01751

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = cov
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  96.79598 96.19836 95.13018
 250 96.79598 96.19836 95.13018
```

```
, , Scale = T, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  92.6936 93.98806 94.68696
 250 92.6936 93.98806 94.68696
```

```
, , Scale = N, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.30101 97.54727 97.66245
 250 97.30101 97.54727 97.66245
```

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.30101 97.54727 97.66245
 250 97.30101 97.54727 97.66245
```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  85.93958 81.75777 70.59478
 250 85.93958 81.75777 70.59478
```

By analysing the table we identify the dotproduct measure computed on vector norm scaled data as having small variance and relatively high scores. Also the euclidean and manhattan distances perform well but only with a sensible parameter choice.

```
> intsoai <- pmf.intensity[(pmf.intensity$Measure == "soai" | pmf.intensity$Measure ==
+ "dotprod") & pmf.intensity$Scale == "N", ]
> intdp <- pmf.intensity[pmf.intensity$Measure == "soai" & pmf.intensity$Scale ==
+ "S", ]
> lmdp <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Length + Theta + Trans + Noncross + Weight,
+ data = intdp)
> anova(lmdp)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Length	1	1.860e-27	1.860e-27	7.460e-26	1.0000
Theta	2	1.62	0.81	32.526	2.834e-11 ***
Trans	3	1091.81	363.94	14599.058	< 2.2e-16 ***
Noncross	1	9.046e-10	9.046e-10	3.629e-08	0.9998
Weight	1	1.034e-07	1.034e-07	4.148e-06	0.9984
Residuals	87	2.17	0.02		

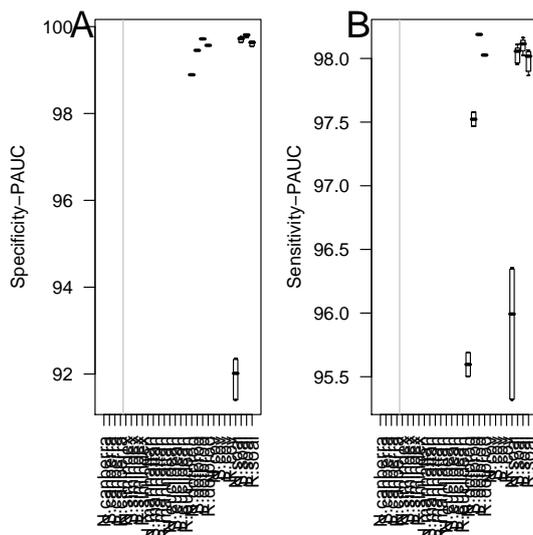
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(lmdp)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.9978384

By the anova analysis above we identify the intensity transformation as the only parameter influencing the DP measure. We can now see how the factor transformation influences the performance of the measures sum of agrein intensities and dot product on the boxplot below.

```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
> par(mar = c(6, 4, 1, 1))
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Trans + Measure, data = intsoai, main = "",
+ las = 2)
> mtext("Specificity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 3)
> mtext("A", side = 3, line = -1, at = -3, cex = 2)
> abline(v = 4.5, col = "gray")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Trans + Measure, data = intsoai, main = "",
+ las = 2)
> mtext("Sensitivity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 3)
> mtext("B", side = 3, line = -1, at = -3, cex = 2)
> abline(v = 4.5, col = "gray")
```



The boxplot shows that the log transformation gives highest sensitivities given small FP-rates as well highest specificities given high sensitivities.

1 Analysing the MS/MS dataset

We are going to analyse the MS/MS dataset in a similar way like the PMF dataset and will discuss the differences. The MSMS dataset we use to examine if the conclusion drawn analysing the PMF dataset can be generalized.

1.1 Binary measure

```
> data("msms.binary")
> range(msms.binary$FPPAUC)

[1] 87.67470 99.87236

> range(msms.binary$TPPAUC)

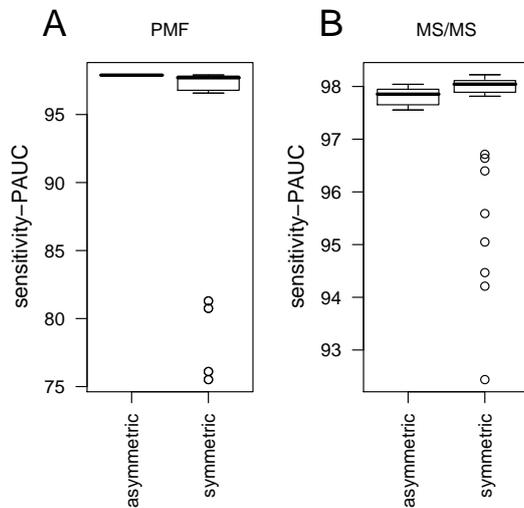
[1] 92.43841 98.22282

> data("msms.intensity")
> range(msms.intensity$FPPAUC)

[1] 3.742473 99.981285
```

We start by comparing the performance of the measures having a small variance and performing well in case of the PMF dataset with the performance of all other measures. The left panel compares the FM mallows statistics with the other binary measures. The right panel compares the performance of the dot-product measure with the performance of the other intensity based measures.

```
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
> idfm <- rep("symmetric", length(pmf.binary$Measure))
> idfm[which(pmf.binary$Measure == "fm" | pmf.binary$Measure ==
+ "gower")] <- "asymmetric"
> par(mar = c(7, 4, 3, 1))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ as.factor(idfm), data = pmf.binary, las = 2,
+ main = "")
> mtext("PMF", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("sensitivity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2.5, cex = 1.2)
> mtext("A", side = 3, line = 1, at = 0, cex = 2)
> idfm <- rep("symmetric", length(msms.binary$Measure))
> idfm[which(msms.binary$Measure == "fm" | msms.binary$Measure ==
+ "gower")] <- "asymmetric"
> par(mar = c(7, 4, 3, 1))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ as.factor(idfm), data = msms.binary, las = 2,
+ main = "")
> mtext("MS/MS", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("sensitivity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2.5, cex = 1.2)
> mtext("B", side = 3, line = 1, at = 0, cex = 2)
```



```

> par(mar = c(7, 4, 3, 1))
> ind <- rep("other CP", length(msms.intensity$Measure))
> ind[msms.intensity$Measure == "dotprod" & msms.intensity$Scale ==
+     "N" & msms.intensity$Trans == "L"] <- "dot-product"
> ind[msms.intensity$Measure == "dotprod"] <- "dot-product"
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ as.factor(ind), data = msms.intensity, las = 2,
+         main = "", ylim = c(90, 100))
> mtext("intensity", side = 3, line = 1)
> mtext("B", side = 3, line = 1, at = 0, cex = 2)
> mtext("sensitivity-PAUC", side = 2, line = 2.5, cex = 1.2)

```

In case of the MS/MS data the fowlkes mallows statistics does not perform unambiguously better than the other binary measures.

Anova analysis of MSMS dataset

1.2 Binary Measures

Next we apply the same anova model to the MS/MS data as we have applied it to the PMF data.

Specificity PAUC – FACTORS

```

> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Weight + Noncross +
+           Length, data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r

```

```
[1] 0.1950604
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

```

          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
Measure   3  13.221   4.407   1.7135 0.1701342
Theta     2  43.482  21.741   8.4531 0.0004417 ***
Length    1  19.320  19.320   7.5117 0.0074384 **
Weight     1   0.090   0.090   0.0350 0.8520076
Noncross   1   3.672   3.672   1.4278 0.2353689
Residuals 87 223.761   2.572
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```
> apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
```

```

          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
95.0000 303.5473  51.8024      NA      NA

```

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

```

          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
Measure   3.2    4.4    8.5      NA    NA
Theta     2.1   14.3   42.0      NA    NA
Length    1.1    6.4   37.3      NA    NA
Weight     1.1    0.0    0.2      NA    NA
Noncross   1.1    1.2    7.1      NA    NA
Residuals 91.6   73.7    5.0      NA    NA

```

Sensitivity PAUC – FACTORS

```

> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Weight + Noncross +
+           Length, data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r

```

```
[1] 0.1849813
```

```
> round(anova(tplm))
```

```

          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
Measure   3     2     1     1 <2e-16 ***
Theta     2    12     6     9 <2e-16 ***
Length    1     4     4     7 <2e-16 ***
Weight     1     0     0     0     1
Noncross   1     0     0     1 <2e-16 ***
Residuals 87    54     1
---

```

```
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
> round(apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum))
```

```

          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
95         73     12      NA      NA

```

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3.2	2.7	5.5	NA	NA
Theta	2.1	15.9	48.2	NA	NA
Length	1.1	5.8	35.4	NA	NA
Weight	1.1	0.4	2.2	NA	NA
Noncross	1.1	0.6	3.5	NA	NA
Residuals	91.6	74.6	5.2	NA	NA

Specificity PAUC – FACTORS

```

> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Measure * Theta +
+ Measure * Length + Theta * Length + Measure * Theta * Length,
+ data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r

```

[1] 0.7238965

```

> round(anova(tplm))

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3	13	4	5 < 2.2e-16	***
Theta	2	43	22	25 < 2.2e-16	***
Length	1	19	19	22 < 2.2e-16	***
Measure:Theta	6	50	8	9 < 2.2e-16	***
Measure:Length	3	22	7	8 < 2.2e-16	***
Theta:Length	2	44	22	25 < 2.2e-16	***
Measure:Theta:Length	6	48	8	9 < 2.2e-16	***
Residuals	72	64	1		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

> apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	95.0000	303.5473	91.9542	NA	NA

```

> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)

```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3.2	4.4	4.8	NA	NA
Theta	2.1	14.3	23.6	NA	NA
Length	1.1	6.4	21.0	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	6.3	16.3	9.0	NA	NA
Measure:Length	3.2	7.3	8.0	NA	NA
Theta:Length	2.1	14.4	23.8	NA	NA
Measure:Theta:Length	6.3	16.0	8.8	NA	NA
Residuals	75.8	20.9	1.0	NA	NA

Sensitivity PAUC – FINAL

```
> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Theta + Length + Measure * Theta +
+ Measure * Length + Theta * Length + Measure * Theta * Length,
+ data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.7378059
```

```
> round(anova(tplm))
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3	2	1	3	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	12	6	29	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	4	4	21	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	6	13	2	10	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	3	5	2	8	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta:Length	2	11	6	28	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta:Length	6	12	2	10	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	72	14	0		

```
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
> apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	95.00000	72.85633	22.23895	NA	NA

```
> dr <- anova(tplm)
```

```
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	3.2	2.7	3.0	NA	NA
Theta	2.1	15.9	26.0	NA	NA
Length	1.1	5.8	19.1	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	6.3	17.2	9.4	NA	NA
Measure:Length	3.2	6.5	7.1	NA	NA
Theta:Length	2.1	15.6	25.6	NA	NA
Measure:Theta:Length	6.3	16.4	8.9	NA	NA
Residuals	75.8	19.9	0.9	NA	NA

We see that the old model is not performing as well as in case of the PMF data. A model which includes computing the noncrossing matching performs much better.

```
> tplm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure * Theta * Length * Noncross, data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj
```

```
[1] 0.908328
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)	
Measure	3	1.9891	0.6630	9.4311	5.224e-05	***
Theta	2	11.5674	5.7837	82.2667	3.101e-16	***
Length	1	4.2395	4.2395	60.3030	4.988e-10	***
Noncross	1	0.4206	0.4206	5.9826	0.0181639	*
Measure:Theta	6	12.5397	2.0900	29.7273	1.408e-14	***
Measure:Length	3	4.7251	1.5750	22.4032	3.254e-09	***
Theta:Length	2	11.4009	5.7005	81.0829	4.058e-16	***
Measure:Noncross	3	1.0371	0.3457	4.9171	0.0046521	**
Theta:Noncross	2	1.8214	0.9107	12.9536	3.172e-05	***
Length:Noncross	1	0.9581	0.9581	13.6279	0.0005692	***
Measure:Theta:Length	6	11.9168	1.9861	28.2507	3.595e-14	***
Measure:Theta:Noncross	6	1.9925	0.3321	4.7235	0.0007470	***
Measure:Length:Noncross	3	1.0254	0.3418	4.8618	0.0049388	**
Theta:Length:Noncross	2	1.8333	0.9167	13.0385	3.002e-05	***
Measure:Theta:Length:Noncross	6	2.0147	0.3358	4.7762	0.0006850	***
Residuals	48	3.3746	0.0703			

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> dr <- anova(tplm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(tplm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)	
Measure	3.2	2.7	2.5	NA	NA	
Theta	2.1	15.9	21.7	NA	NA	
Length	1.1	5.8	15.9	NA	NA	
Noncross	1.1	0.6	1.6	NA	NA	
Measure:Theta	6.3	17.2	7.8	NA	NA	
Measure:Length	3.2	6.5	5.9	NA	NA	
Theta:Length	2.1	15.6	21.4	NA	NA	
Measure:Noncross	3.2	1.4	1.3	NA	NA	
Theta:Noncross	2.1	2.5	3.4	NA	NA	
Length:Noncross	1.1	1.3	3.6	NA	NA	
Measure:Theta:Length	6.3	16.4	7.4	NA	NA	
Measure:Theta:Noncross	6.3	2.7	1.2	NA	NA	
Measure:Length:Noncross	3.2	1.4	1.3	NA	NA	
Theta:Length:Noncross	2.1	2.5	3.4	NA	NA	
Measure:Theta:Length:Noncross	6.3	2.8	1.3	NA	NA	
Residuals	50.5	4.6	0.3	NA	NA	

Tabulate the data according to identified factors.

```
> with(msms.binary, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Noncross = Noncross, Measure = Measure), mean))
, , Noncross = A, Measure = fm
```

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 97.92753 97.9485 97.95956
250 97.92753 97.9485 97.95956

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = fm

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 97.84375 97.86718 97.87783
250 97.84375 97.86718 97.87783

, , Noncross = A, Measure = gower

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 97.75744 97.75744 97.75744
250 97.75744 97.75744 97.75744

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = gower

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 97.70388 97.70388 97.70388
250 97.70388 97.70388 97.70388

, , Noncross = A, Measure = hg

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 98.09396 98.05886 98.03635
250 98.13553 98.18004 93.32485

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = hg

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 98.04063 97.98980 97.96519
250 98.05277 98.12767 96.11346

, , Noncross = A, Measure = rmi

Theta
Length 0.5 1 2
0 97.98795 97.98937 97.98952
250 98.19244 98.12313 94.75886

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = rmi

Theta

```

Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.91691 97.92064 97.92132
 250 98.12738 98.13180 96.55549

```

We see that the binary measures computed with noncrossing matching perform better than they associates without. Furthermore Huberts Gamma computed with $M_{00} = 0$ can be recognized as the best performing measure. The same analysis is repeated for the Sp-PAUC.

```

> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Measure, data = msms.binary)
> tplm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure * Theta * Length * Noncross, data = msms.binary)
> summary(tplm)$adj

```

```
[1] 0.9215654
```

```
> anova(tplm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)	
Measure	3	13.221	4.407	17.5850	7.724e-08	***
Theta	2	43.482	21.741	86.7507	< 2.2e-16	***
Length	1	19.320	19.320	77.0890	1.498e-11	***
Noncross	1	3.672	3.672	14.6530	0.0003739	***
Measure:Theta	6	49.601	8.267	32.9858	2.007e-15	***
Measure:Length	3	22.190	7.397	29.5133	5.799e-11	***
Theta:Length	2	43.715	21.857	87.2143	< 2.2e-16	***
Measure:Noncross	3	4.559	1.520	6.0634	0.0013831	**
Theta:Noncross	2	8.038	4.019	16.0367	4.635e-06	***
Length:Noncross	1	4.039	4.039	16.1164	0.0002082	***
Measure:Theta:Length	6	48.499	8.083	32.2532	3.069e-15	***
Measure:Theta:Noncross	6	9.233	1.539	6.1405	7.861e-05	***
Measure:Length:Noncross	3	4.632	1.544	6.1613	0.0012501	**
Theta:Length:Noncross	2	8.036	4.018	16.0323	4.647e-06	***
Measure:Theta:Length:Noncross	6	9.280	1.547	6.1713	7.499e-05	***
Residuals	48	12.030	0.251			

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Tabulate the data according to identified factors.

```

> with(msms.binary, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Noncross = Noncross, Measure = Measure), mean))

```

```
, , Noncross = A, Measure = fm
```

```

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.92753 97.9485 97.95956
 250 97.92753 97.9485 97.95956

```

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = fm

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.84375	97.86718	97.87783
250	97.84375	97.86718	97.87783

, , Noncross = A, Measure = gower

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.75744	97.75744	97.75744
250	97.75744	97.75744	97.75744

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = gower

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.70388	97.70388	97.70388
250	97.70388	97.70388	97.70388

, , Noncross = A, Measure = hg

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.09396	98.05886	98.03635
250	98.13553	98.18004	93.32485

, , Noncross = 0, Measure = hg

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.04063	97.98980	97.96519
250	98.05277	98.12767	96.11346

, , Noncross = A, Measure = rmi

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.98795	97.98937	97.98952
250	98.19244	98.12313	94.75886

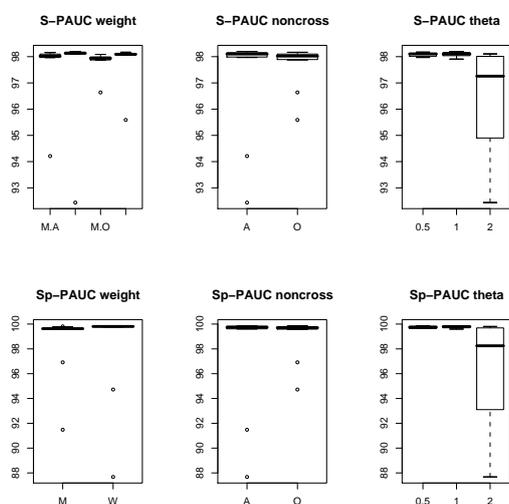
, , Noncross = 0, Measure = rmi

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.91691	97.92064	97.92132
250	98.12738	98.13180	96.55549

Again hg performs best.

Further we analysed how the HG measure depends on factors like e.g. Weighting of mass measurement error, noncrossing matching and theta.

```
> msms.binaryhg <- msms.binary[msms.binary$Measure == "hg", ]
> par(mfcol = c(2, 3))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight + Noncross, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "S-PAUC weight")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Weight, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "Sp-PAUC weight")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "S-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "Sp-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Theta, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "S-PAUC theta")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Theta, data = msms.binaryhg, main = "Sp-PAUC theta")
```



The boxplots reveal that weighting of match accuracy and resolving unambiguous matches by computing the noncrossing matching increases the performance of the HG measure. Furthermore the optimal choice of the theta is 2.

1.2.1 MS/MS-Intensity based measures

Specificity PAUC – FACTORS

```
> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Trans + Scale + Theta + Weight +
+ Noncross + Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	283609	47268	113.4517	< 2.2e-16 ***
Trans	3	11843	3948	9.4749	3.173e-06 ***
Scale	3	454533	151511	363.6517	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	25668	12834	30.8034	5.946e-14 ***

```

Weight      1    4606    4606  11.0563 0.0008958 ***
Noncross    1     733     733   1.7601 0.1847308
Length      1    5343    5343  12.8235 0.0003484 ***
Residuals 2670 1112422    417
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.4104012
```

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	1898757.6	226659.8	NA	NA

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
```

```
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	14.9	20.9	NA	NA
Trans	0.1	0.6	1.7	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	23.9	66.8	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	1.4	5.7	NA	NA
Weight	0.0	0.2	2.0	NA	NA
Noncross	0.0	0.0	0.3	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.3	2.4	NA	NA
Residuals	99.4	58.6	0.2	NA	NA

Sensitivity PAUC – FACTORS

```

> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Trans + Scale + Theta + Weight +
+ Noncross + Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)

```

Analysis of Variance Table

```
Response: TPPAUC
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	152255	25376	114.2873	< 2.2e-16 ***
Trans	3	2869	956	4.3072	0.004874 **
Scale	3	254688	84896	382.3532	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	9241	4620	20.8094	1.077e-09 ***
Weight	1	1971	1971	8.8789	0.002911 **
Noncross	1	74	74	0.3319	0.564578
Length	1	1340	1340	6.0334	0.014101 *
Residuals	2670	592834	222		

```
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.4123652
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
      Df      Sum Sq   Mean Sq   F value   Pr(>F)
2687.0 1015271.6  119455.3      NA      NA

> dr <- anova(intlm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	15.0	21.2	NA	NA
Trans	0.1	0.3	0.8	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	25.1	71.1	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	0.9	3.9	NA	NA
Weight	0.0	0.2	1.7	NA	NA
Noncross	0.0	0.0	0.1	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.1	1.1	NA	NA
Residuals	99.4	58.4	0.2	NA	NA

Specificity PAUC – FINAL

```
> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+ Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	283609	47268	574.207	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	454533	151511	1840.530	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	25668	12834	155.904	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	5343	5343	64.903	1.179e-15 ***
Measure:Scale	18	824919	45829	556.721	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	12	70199	5850	71.064	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	6	17247	2874	34.918	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	2639	217240	82		

```
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

```
[1] 0.8835072
```

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
      Df      Sum Sq   Mean Sq   F value   Pr(>F)
2687.0 1898757.6  271591.3      NA      NA

> dr <- anova(intlm)
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	14.9	17.4	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	23.9	55.8	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	1.4	4.7	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.3	2.0	NA	NA
Measure:Scale	0.7	43.4	16.9	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	0.4	3.7	2.2	NA	NA
Measure:Length	0.2	0.9	1.1	NA	NA
Residuals	98.2	11.4	0.0	NA	NA

Sensitivity PAUC – FINAL

```
> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+ Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	152255	25376	618.221	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	254688	84896	2068.286	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	9241	4620	112.565	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	1340	1340	32.637	1.235e-08 ***
Measure:Scale	18	446982	24832	604.981	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	12	23460	1955	47.629	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	6	18984	3164	77.085	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	2639	108322	41		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.891367

```
> apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
	2687.0	1015271.6	146224.2	NA	NA

```
> dr <- anova(intlm)
```

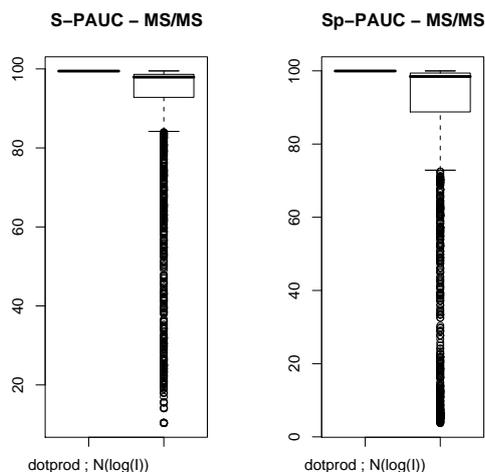
```
> ddd <- apply(anova(intlm), 2, sum)
```

```
> round(sweep(as.matrix(dr), 2, ddd, "/") * 100, digits = 1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	0.2	15.0	17.4	NA	NA
Scale	0.1	25.1	58.1	NA	NA
Theta	0.1	0.9	3.2	NA	NA
Length	0.0	0.1	0.9	NA	NA
Measure:Scale	0.7	44.0	17.0	NA	NA
Measure:Theta	0.4	2.3	1.3	NA	NA
Measure:Length	0.2	1.9	2.2	NA	NA
Residuals	98.2	10.7	0.0	NA	NA

Again we first prove if the result obtained for the PMF data can be generalized to the MS/MS data.

```
> ind <- rep("other measure", length(msms.intensity$Measure))
> ind[msms.intensity$Measure == "dotprod" & msms.intensity$Scale ==
+     "N" & msms.intensity$Trans == "L"] <- "dotprod ; N(log(I))"
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ as.factor(ind), data = msms.intensity, main = "S-PAUC - MS/MS")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ as.factor(ind), data = msms.intensity, main = "Sp-PAUC - MS/MS")
```



This time the observation done using the PMF data can be generalized to the MS/MS data. Because we were interested to identify the other measures which can be used to classify the data we tabulated the scores according to theta, scaling, length and the measures.

```
> intlm <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure:Scale +
+     Measure:Theta + Measure:Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	283609	47268	574.207	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	454533	151511	1840.530	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	25668	12834	155.904	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	5343	5343	64.903	1.179e-15 ***
Measure:Scale	18	824919	45829	556.721	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	12	70199	5850	71.064	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	6	17247	2874	34.918	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	2639	217240	82		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

> summary(intlm)$adj.r
[1] 0.8835072

> with(msms.intensity, tapply(FPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+   Scale = Scale, Measure = Measure), mean))

, , Scale = T, Measure = canberra

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  90.50912 97.76038 98.38236
 250 90.50912 97.76038 98.38236

, , Scale = N, Measure = canberra

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  96.93366 98.77676 98.7238
 250 96.93366 98.77676 98.7238

, , Scale = S, Measure = canberra

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  96.93366 98.77676 98.7238
 250 96.93366 98.77676 98.7238

, , Scale = Z, Measure = canberra

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  96.93366 98.77676 98.7238
 250 96.93366 98.77676 98.7238

, , Scale = T, Measure = simindex

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  10.895818 13.267293 15.003216
 250  6.557513  6.781328  6.903368

, , Scale = N, Measure = simindex

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.23546 98.34243 98.523
 250 97.23546 98.34243 98.523

, , Scale = S, Measure = simindex

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  98.6569 98.78721 98.70548
 250 98.6569 98.78721 98.70548

, , Scale = S, Measure = simindex

```

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	98.6569	98.78721	98.70548
250	98.6569	98.78721	98.70548

, , Scale = Z, Measure = simindex

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	9.293497	9.909243	10.416333
250	5.270600	5.281156	5.288262

, , Scale = T, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	84.90806	99.63053	99.9417
250	84.90806	99.63053	99.9417

, , Scale = N, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	64.01813	82.40765	89.32846
250	64.01813	82.40765	89.32846

, , Scale = S, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	42.28481	59.21963	68.55283
250	64.01813	82.40765	89.32846

, , Scale = Z, Measure = manhattan

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	28.95919	44.71444	54.62749
250	56.29775	76.75337	85.29903

, , Scale = T, Measure = euclidean

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	34.31829	73.02366	87.94384
250	34.31829	73.02366	87.94384

, , Scale = N, Measure = euclidean

Theta

```
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  86.13116 99.88037 99.83952
 250 86.13116 99.88037 99.83952
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = euclidean

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  69.66885 92.44349 95.00940
 250 86.13116 99.88037 99.83952
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = euclidean

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  52.85492 81.78122 86.69784
 250 85.87138 99.87904 99.83569
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = dotprod

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  98.9814 98.9814 98.9814
 250 98.9814 98.9814 98.9814
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = dotprod

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  99.88292 99.88292 99.88292
 250 99.88292 99.88292 99.88292
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = dotprod

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  95.17252 95.17252 95.17252
 250 99.88292 99.88292 99.88292
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = dotprod

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  99.54657 98.39198 95.06786
 250 99.89702 99.90375 99.90253
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = cov

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
```

```

0 97.5566 94.342 89.89063
250 97.5566 94.342 89.89063

, , Scale = N, Measure = cov

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 98.6932 96.95327 94.23659
250 98.6932 96.95327 94.23659

, , Scale = S, Measure = cov

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 99.45862 99.28724 98.85178
250 99.45862 99.28724 98.85178

, , Scale = Z, Measure = cov

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 99.27588 98.53667 97.24777
250 99.27588 98.53667 97.24777

, , Scale = T, Measure = soai

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 96.43898 97.95112 98.64927
250 96.43898 97.95112 98.64927

, , Scale = N, Measure = soai

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 99.5148 99.6997 99.78143
250 99.5148 99.6997 99.78143

, , Scale = S, Measure = soai

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 99.5148 99.6997 99.78143
250 99.5148 99.6997 99.78143

, , Scale = Z, Measure = soai

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 92.05551 88.75732 82.87961

```

250 92.05551 88.75732 82.87961

```
> intlm <- lm(TPPAUC ~ Measure + Scale + Theta + Length + Measure *
+ Scale + Measure * Theta + Measure * Length, data = msms.intensity)
> anova(intlm)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: TPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Measure	6	152255	25376	618.221	< 2.2e-16 ***
Scale	3	254688	84896	2068.286	< 2.2e-16 ***
Theta	2	9241	4620	112.565	< 2.2e-16 ***
Length	1	1340	1340	32.637	1.235e-08 ***
Measure:Scale	18	446982	24832	604.981	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Theta	12	23460	1955	47.629	< 2.2e-16 ***
Measure:Length	6	18984	3164	77.085	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	2639	108322	41		

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> summary(intlm)$adj.r
```

[1] 0.891367

```
> with(msms.intensity, tapply(TPPAUC, list(Length = Length, Theta = Theta,
+ Scale = Scale, Measure = Measure), mean))
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = canberra

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	95.76344	97.64019	98.00106
250	95.76344	97.64019	98.00106

, , Scale = N, Measure = canberra

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.59895	98.24352	98.2426
250	97.59895	98.24352	98.2426

, , Scale = S, Measure = canberra

	Theta		
Length	0.5	1	2
0	97.59895	98.24352	98.2426
250	97.59895	98.24352	98.2426

, , Scale = Z, Measure = canberra

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  41.54274 50.17743 55.22927
 250 25.11656 26.57378 27.34388
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  97.44322 97.9621 98.10808
 250 97.44322 97.9621 98.10808
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  98.18439 98.28261 98.24748
 250 98.18439 98.28261 98.24748
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  98.18439 98.28261 98.24748
 250 98.18439 98.28261 98.24748
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = simindex

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  29.83569 32.82933 35.31495
 250 18.64167 18.78237 18.85644
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = manhattan

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  94.4853 98.65037 98.7925
 250 94.4853 98.65037 98.7925
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = manhattan

```
      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
  0  73.61772 87.05038 91.65706
 250 73.61772 87.05038 91.65706
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = manhattan

Theta

```
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  52.10334 66.04717 73.87451
 250 73.61772 87.05038 91.65706
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = manhattan

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  45.43646 58.34826 66.50964
 250 69.82565 84.43180 89.62166
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = euclidean

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  64.26425 85.714 92.55688
 250 64.26425 85.714 92.55688
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = euclidean

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  94.65832 98.76085 98.76522
 250 94.65832 98.76085 98.76522
```

, , Scale = S, Measure = euclidean

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  77.58234 92.43829 94.50953
 250 94.65832 98.76085 98.76522
```

, , Scale = Z, Measure = euclidean

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  66.8460 86.27333 89.62940
 250 94.3119 98.80819 98.80822
```

, , Scale = T, Measure = dotprod

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
  0  97.4194 97.4194 97.4194
 250 97.4194 97.4194 97.4194
```

, , Scale = N, Measure = dotprod

```
      Theta
Length      0.5      1      2
```

```

0 99.22425 99.22425 99.22425
250 99.22425 99.22425 99.22425

, , Scale = S, Measure = dotprod

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 94.63101 94.63101 94.63101
250 99.22425 99.22425 99.22425

, , Scale = Z, Measure = dotprod

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 98.92080 98.32497 96.70782
250 99.20982 99.22335 99.23680

, , Scale = T, Measure = cov

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 97.3018 96.95074 95.9306
250 97.3018 96.95074 95.9306

, , Scale = N, Measure = cov

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 98.21523 97.94886 97.29641
250 98.21523 97.94886 97.29641

, , Scale = S, Measure = cov

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 98.57152 98.54664 98.3778
250 98.57152 98.54664 98.3778

, , Scale = Z, Measure = cov

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 98.56075 98.32342 97.922
250 98.56075 98.32342 97.922

, , Scale = T, Measure = soai

      Theta
Length  0.5      1      2
0 97.28639 97.95305 98.28481

```

```
250 97.28639 97.95305 98.28481
```

```
, , Scale = N, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0  98.6569 98.81979 98.89044
 250 98.6569 98.81979 98.89044
```

```
, , Scale = S, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0  98.6569 98.81979 98.89044
 250 98.6569 98.81979 98.89044
```

```
, , Scale = Z, Measure = soai
```

```
      Theta
Length 0.5      1      2
  0  95.52872 92.78444 82.18235
 250 95.52872 92.78444 82.18235
```

The spectral angle measure is the highest scoring one. None of the other measures is able to obtain similar scores. This may be due to the fact that the database search of the MS/MS data is performed using the normalized crosscorrelation which has a very similar mathematical property than the spectral angle.

Finally we analyse how factors like intensity transformation, weighting of mass measurement accuracy and computing the noncrossing matching influences the performance of the spectral angle.

```
> intdp <- msms.intensity[(msms.intensity$Measure == "euclidean") &
+   msms.intensity$Scale == "S" & msms.intensity$Trans == "L",
+   ]
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight * Noncross * Measure * Trans, data = intdp,
+   main = "S-PAUC weight", las = 2)
> par(mar = c(8, 5, 2, 2))
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = intdp, main = "S-PAUC weight",
+   las = 2)
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight, data = intdp, main = "S-PAUC weight",
+   las = 2)

> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Weight * Noncross * Theta * Measure, data = intdp,
+   main = "S-PAUC weight", las = 2)

> lmdp <- lm(FPPAUC ~ Weight + Noncross + Weight:Noncross, data = intdp)
> anova(lmdp)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: FPPAUC

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Weight	1	27.23	27.23	0.4959	0.4894
Noncross	1	52.16	52.16	0.9498	0.3414
Weight:Noncross	1	1.65	1.65	0.0300	0.8643
Residuals	20	1098.25	54.91		

```
> summary(lmdp)$adj.r
```

```
[1] -0.07097703
```

```
> par(mfcol = c(2, 3))
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Trans, data = intdp, main = "S-PAUC trans")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Trans, data = intdp, main = "Sp-PAUC trans")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Weight, data = intdp, main = "Sp-PAUC weight")
> boxplot(FPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = intdp, main = "S-PAUC noncross")
> boxplot(TPPAUC ~ Noncross, data = intdp, main = "Sp-PAUC noncross")
```

