RSNPper: utilities for SNP data

VJ Carey `stvjc@channing.harvard.edu`

March 25, 2009

Contents

1 Introduction **1**

2 How it works **1**

3 Overview of the functions **2**

4 Demonstrations **3**
4.1 Obtaining information on genes 3
4.2 Obtaining information on SNPs 4

5 Application: SNP density on chr 1 **7**

1 Introduction

This document describes `RSNPper` version 1.0, added to Bioconductor in October of 2003. This first version focuses on SNP metadata, with functions that retrieve SNP-related data from the Boston Children's Hospital Informatics Program SNPper web service **?**.

Earlier non-released versions of this package included considerable code for working with prettybase format and for conducting other tasks in SNP discovery projects. That material has been moved to `inst/OLD` and may be re-introduced later. Users seeking legacy support should contact the author.

2 How it works

The core of this package is the XML-RPC service at CHIP accessible through the following URL stub:

```
> print(.SNPperBaseURL)
```

```
[1] "http://snpper.chip.org/bio/rpcserv/dummy?cmd="
```

The useSNPper function allows you to work directly with the XML-RPC server by packing up appropriate command and argument strings.

```
> dput(useSNPper)

function (cmd, parmstring)
{
    targ <- url(paste(.SNPperBaseURL, cmd, parmstring, sep = ""))
    open(targ)
    on.exit(close(targ))
    readLines(targ)
}

> print(useSNPper("geneinfo", "&name=CRP")[1:7])

[1] " <SNPPER-RPC SOURCE=\"*RPCSERV-NAME*\" VERSION=\"$Revision: 1.2 $\" GENOME=\"hg18\
[2] "  <GENEINFO>"
[3] "    <GENE ID=\"1735\">"
[4] "      <GENEID>1735</GENEID>"
[5] "      <NAME>CRP</NAME>"
[6] "      <CHROM>chr1</CHROM>"
[7] "      <STRAND>-</STRAND>"
```

The main functions of *RSNPper* attend to simplifying specification of parameters and parsing and packaging the XML results.

Note on auditability. All functions return textual information coupled with auditing information as a 'toolInfo' attribute, detailing the SNPper supplied information on the human genome sequence build, the dbSNP version, and the SNPper version from which the results are obtained. At present, there is one exception: when `itemsInRange` is invoked with `item='countsnps`, no toolInfo data is obtained. This will be corrected once the `countsnps` command at SNPper returns valid XML element tags.

3 Overview of the functions

The current set of functions intended for investigative use is:

- `geneInfo` – general information about location and nomenclature
- `geneLayout` – information about exon locations
- `geneSNPs` – all SNPs associated with a given gene
- `SNPinfo` – detailed information on a SNP
- `itemsInRange` – supports chromosome scanning for genes, SNPs, or counts of SNPs

An omission: for SNP information, I have not collected information on submitter.

4 Demonstrations

4.1 Obtaining information on genes

The `geneInfo` function will collect some basic information on a gene. The gene may be specified by HUGO name, mRNA accession number, or SNPper id.

```
> print(geneInfo("CRP"))
```

```
SNPper Gene metadata:
There are  1 entries.
Basic information:
  GENEID NAME CHROM STRAND                                    PRODUCT NSNPS
1   1735  CRP  chr1      - C-reactive protein, pentraxin-related   141
   TX.START    TX.END CODSEQ.START CODSEQ.END LOCUSLINK   OMIM  UNIGENE
1 157948704 157951003    157949939  157950899      1401 123260 Hs.76452
  SWISSPROT   MRNAACC   PROTACC REFSEQACC
1    P02741 NM_000567 NP_000558     :NULL
SNPper info:
     SOURCE           VERSION            GENOME DBSNP
[1,] "*RPCSERV-NAME*" "$Revision: 1.2 $" "hg18" "125"
```

The `geneLayout` function provides information on exon locations.

```
> print(geneLayout("546"))
```

```
              ID             NAME            CHROM TRANSCRIPT.START
             " "        "S100PBP"           "chr1"       "33055763"
 CODINGSEQ.START   TRANSCRIPT.END    CODINGSEQ.END      exon1.start
      "33064288"       "33097063"       "33094226"       "33055763"
       exon1.end      exon2.start        exon2.end      exon3.start
      "33055877"       "33063501"       "33063617"       "33064286"
       exon3.end      exon4.start        exon4.end      exon5.start
      "33065118"       "33066181"       "33066269"       "33068152"
       exon5.end      exon6.start        exon6.end      exon7.start
      "33068255"       "33091267"       "33091354"       "33094112"
       exon7.end
      "33097063"
attr(,"toolInfo")
            SOURCE            VERSION             GENOME               DBSNP
  "*RPCSERV-NAME*" "$Revision: 1.2 $"             "hg18"              "125"
```

Information on all the genes catalogued in a certain chromosomal region can be obtained using `itemsInRange`.

```
> print(itemsInRange("genes", "chr1", "156400000", "156500000"))

[[1]]
                          NAME                          CHROM
                        "CD1D"                         "chr1"
                       PRODUCT                          NSNPS
"CD1D antigen, d polypeptide"                          "114"

[[2]]
                   NAME                    CHROM                    PRODUCT
                 "CD1A"                   "chr1" "CD1A antigen precursor"
                  NSNPS
                   "53"

$CHR
[1] "chr1"

$START
[1] "156400000"

$END
[1] "156500000"

$COUNT
[1] "2"

attr(,"toolInfo")
            SOURCE             VERSION              GENOME              DBSNP
  "*RPCSERV-NAME*" "$Revision: 1.2 $"              "hg18"              "125"
```

4.2 Obtaining information on SNPs

Suppose you want information on the SNP with dbSNP id rs25.

```
> print(SNPinfo("25"))

SNPper SNP metadata:
     DBSNPID CHROMOSOME POSITION   ALLELES VALIDATED
[1,] "rs25"  "chr7"     "11550667" "A/G"   "Y"
There are details on 5 populations
and 1 connections to gene features
SNPper info:
     SOURCE           VERSION            GENOME DBSNP
[1,] "*RPCSERV-NAME*" "$Revision: 1.2 $" "hg18" "125"
```

Suppose instead you want information on all the SNPs cataloged in a certain chromosomal region.

```
> ird <- itemsInRange("snps", "chr1", "156400000", "156500000")
> print(length(ird))

[1] 557

> print(ird[1:3])

[[1]]
     DBSNPID        TSCID   CHROMOSOME     POSITION      ALLELES         ROLE
"rs16839876"          " "       "chr1"  "156400131"        "A/T"          " "
      RELPOS        AMINO     AMINOPOS
         " "          " "           " "

[[2]]
     DBSNPID        TSCID   CHROMOSOME     POSITION      ALLELES         ROLE
"rs12117055"          " "       "chr1"  "156400300"        "C/T"          " "
      RELPOS        AMINO     AMINOPOS
         " "          " "           " "

[[3]]
     DBSNPID        TSCID   CHROMOSOME     POSITION      ALLELES         ROLE
"rs17455763"          " "       "chr1"  "156400743"        "A/T"          " "
      RELPOS        AMINO     AMINOPOS
         " "          " "           " "
```

Note that the start and end locations are supplied as strings. This is to avoid coercion to textual scientific notation.

Additional detail on the count of SNPs can be obtained more briefly:

```
> print(itemsInRange("countsnps", "chr1", "156400000", "156500000"))

 total exonic nonsyn
   553     12      2
```

To see all the SNPs associated with a given gene, use the `geneSNPs` function. This requires knowledge of the SNPper gene id, which can be obtained using `geneInfo`.

```
> gs <- geneSNPs("546")
> print(length(gs))

[1] 150
```

```
> print(gs[1:3])
[[1]]
                                DBSNPID                                    TSCID
                           "rs11809784"                                      " "
                             CHROMOSOME                                  POSITION
                                 "chr1"                                "33046120"
                                ALLELES                                     ROLE
                                   "A/C"                               "Promoter"
                                 RELPOS                                    AMINO
                              "-18168"                                   ":NULL"
                              AMINOPOS                                     HUGO
                                 ":NULL"                                 "S100PBP"
                              LOCUSLINK                                     NAME
                                "64766" "S100P binding protein Riken isoform a"
                                   MRNA
                             "NM_022753"

[[2]]
                                DBSNPID                                    TSCID
                           "rs4422972"                                       " "
                             CHROMOSOME                                  POSITION
                                 "chr1"                                "33046500"
                                ALLELES                                     ROLE
                                   "G/T"                               "Promoter"
                                 RELPOS                                    AMINO
                              "-17788"                                   ":NULL"
                              AMINOPOS                                     HUGO
                                 ":NULL"                                 "S100PBP"
                              LOCUSLINK                                     NAME
                                "64766" "S100P binding protein Riken isoform a"
                                   MRNA
                             "NM_022753"

[[3]]
                                DBSNPID                                    TSCID
                           "rs3845499"                                       " "
                             CHROMOSOME                                  POSITION
                                 "chr1"                                "33047367"
                                ALLELES                                     ROLE
                                   "A/G"                               "Promoter"
                                 RELPOS                                    AMINO
                              "-16921"                                   ":NULL"
```

```
AMINOPOS                                                    HUGO
  ":NULL"                                                "S100PBP"
LOCUSLINK                                                   NAME
  "64766" "S100P binding protein Riken isoform a"
     MRNA
"NM_022753"
```

5 Application: SNP density on chr 1

Human chromosome 1 is approximately 300Mb, and 142,629 SNPs have been recorded as of dbSNP build 106, according to NCBI SNP/maplists/maplist-newmap.html on 13 Sep 03. Let's see if these facilities can recover this sort of information. Counting the number of SNPs on a long chromosomal region seems to take a long time for SNPper, so we will break up the task.

```
> print(itemsInRange("countsnps", "chr1", "1", "100000"))

 total exonic nonsyn
   340     23      3

> system("sleep 2")
> print(itemsInRange("countsnps", "chr1", "100001", "200000"))

 total exonic nonsyn
    28      0      0

> system("sleep 2")
> print(itemsInRange("countsnps", "chr1", "200001", "300000"))

 total exonic nonsyn
    48      0      0

> system("sleep 2")
```

These runs complete in a reasonable amount of time. Here we will just look at the first 2Mb in intervals of .1Mb.

```
> starts <- as.character(as.integer(seq(1, 2000001, 1e+05)))
> ends <- as.character(as.integer(as.integer(starts) + 99999))
> out <- matrix(NA, nr = 20, nc = 3)
> for (i in 1:20) {
+     cat(i)
+     out[i, ] <- itemsInRange("countsnps", "chr1", starts[i],
+         ends[i])
+     system("sleep 2")
+ }
```

12345678910111213141516171819 20

```
> print(out)
```

```
      [,1] [,2] [,3]
 [1,]  340   23    3
 [2,]   28    0    0
 [3,]   48    0    0
 [4,]   14    0    0
 [5,]    4    0    0
 [6,]  288    0    0
 [7,]   49    0    0
 [8,]  683   12    1
 [9,]  454   39   14
[10,]  461   45   12
[11,]  359   13    0
[12,]  442   54   16
[13,]  400   75   25
[14,]  340   36    6
[15,]  431   38   12
[16,]  292   10    2
[17,]  385   37    9
[18,]  201    7    1
[19,]  405   20    4
[20,]  414    9    3
```